SAFETY DATA SHEET

Medama New GenX Super Concentrated Floor Stripper

GHS product identifier	: Medama New GenX Super Concentrated Floor Stripper
Product type	: Liquid
	· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>Relevant identified uses o</u>	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Ace Janitorial Supplies Co. Inc.
	170 53rd Street
	Brooklyn, NY 11232 718-492-7200 Ext 16
	110-492-1200 EXT10
Emergency telephone	: 800-255-3924
number (with hours of	
operation)	
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
.	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement	—
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Use
	only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or
Deenenee	smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately ca a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for severa
	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.

Storage : Store locked up.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

e : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable			
Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
Benzyl alcohol 2-aminoethanol 2-butoxyethanol	30 - 60 10 - 30 10 - 30	100-51-6 141-43-5 111-76-2	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	eyes wi remove	dical attention immediately. th plenty of water, occasion any contact lenses. Contir treated promptly by a physic	ally lifting the upper and nue to rinse for at least	d lower eyelid	s. Check for	or and
Inhalation	fresh ai fumes a breathir occurs, danger uncons an oper inhalatio	dical attention immediately. r and keep at rest in a posit ine still present, the rescuer ing apparatus. If not breathin provide artificial respiration bus to the person providing cious, place in recovery pose a airway. Loosen tight cloth on of decomposition product may need to be kept under	tion comfortable for bre should wear an approp ng, if breathing is irregu or oxygen by trained p aid to give mouth-to-m sition and get medical a ing such as a collar, tie ts in a fire, symptoms r	athing. If it is priate mask or ular or if respir ersonnel. It n outh resuscita ttention imme by belt or waist may be delaye	suspected self-conta atory arres hay be ttion. If diately. Ma band. In ca	that ined t aintain ase of
Skin contact	contam Wash c Continu	dical attention immediately. nated skin with plenty of wa ontaminated clothing thorou e to rinse for at least 10 mi n. Wash clothing before re	ater. Remove contamir ughly with water before nutes. Chemical burns	nated clothing removing it, c must be trea	and shoes or wear glov ted prompt	ves.
Ingestion	with wa position person feels sid so by m does no Never g	dical attention immediately. ter. Remove dentures if an comfortable for breathing. is conscious, give small quick as vomiting may be dang edical personnel. If vomitin t enter the lungs. Chemical ive anything by mouth to an y position and get medical a	y. Remove victim to free If material has been su antities of water to drink gerous. Do not induce ng occurs, the head sho al burns must be treated in unconscious person.	esh air and ke wallowed and k. Stop if the vomiting unles buld be kept lo d promptly by If unconsciou	ep at rest i the expose exposed pe so directed ow so that v a physician is, place in	n a ed erson to do vomit n.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

equipment for fire-fighters

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Benzyl alcohol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 7.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	other engine	th adequate ventilation. eering controls to keep w ded or statutory limits.	•			
Environmental exposure controls	they comply cases, fume	rom ventilation or work p y with the requirements o e scrubbers, filters or eng essary to reduce emissior	f environmental prot gineering modificatio	ection legislations to the proce	on. In some	;
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Aqua
Odor	: Bland
Odor threshold	: Not available
рН	: 11.2 to 12.2
Melting point	: 0°C (32°F)
Boiling point	: 100°C (212°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: >93.334°C (>200°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available
Vapor pressure	: <4 kPa (<30 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: <1 [Air = 1]
Specific gravity	: 1.01 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
VOC content	:	44.9%
VOCa are calculated following the requirements	indor 4	0 CEB Bort 50 Subport

VOCs are calculated following the requirements under 40 CFR, Part 59, Subpart C for Consumer Products and Subpart D for Architectural Coatings.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 milligrams	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

	Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
	2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-
R	eproductive toxicity			

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related	d to the physic	al, chemical and	d toxicological	characteristics

 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not availab	le				
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Section 11. Toxicological information

		0
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available
Potential chronic health eff	ects	5
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1425.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	3.024 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzyl alcohol 2-aminoethanol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Algae - Desmodesmus	96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	subspicatus	72 110015
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Benzyl alcohol	0.87		low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31		low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not availab	le				
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Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1719	UN1719	UN1719
UN proper shipping name	Caustic alkali liquids, n.o. s. (2-aminoethanol)	Caustic alkali liquids, n.o. s. (2-aminoethanol)	Caustic alkali liquids, n.o.s. (2-aminoethanol)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORROSH	8	8
Packing group	Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. **U.S. Federal regulations** Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed (b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** SARA 311/312

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Benzyl alcohol		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-aminoethanol		Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-butoxyethanol		Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	19.9

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

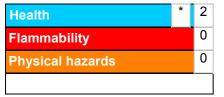
International regulations

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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Section 16. Other information

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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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